



Poster Presentation Considerations

Points to consider in preparing your presentation, where appropriate:

To address scientific rigor, each data presentation should report N, and ideally an effect size and power calculation. Appropriate statistical analysis tests and p values should be reported.

Preliminary or hypothesis-generating studies are of interest and would be expected to have a smaller 'N', but should be explicitly labeled as such.

Well powered negative studies are of interest.

The scientific premise of a study must be credible. If the premise of a study is genetic, the evidence must be based on rigorously demonstrated significant findings, such as the Psychiatric Genomics Consortium meta-analyses or meta-analyzed trio studies. Candidate gene studies are not of interest.

Sex as a biological variable should be considered for both animal and human studies.

Poster Presentation & Mounting Requirements

- ❖ The maximum area per poster is **4 feet high** by **6 feet wide** and should be mounted at eye level.
- ❖ Place the poster title at the top of the poster board in 1" high letters.
- ❖ Please indicate the presenting author in the author block (bold, underline, asterisk, etc.).
- ❖ All disclosures relevant to this study must be listed on the poster.
- ❖ Remember, illustrations may be read by interested scientists from distances of about 3 feet or more. Keep them simple. Charts, drawings, and illustrations should be heavily drawn.
- ❖ Do not mount materials on heavy board because it will be difficult to affix the materials to the poster board. Keep presentation as lightweight as possible.
- ❖ Prepare and bring to the meeting all materials needed for the poster (figures, tables, etc.).
- ❖ Bring the necessary pushpins to mount the poster. The ACNP will have a limited supply of pushpins.